

# China Academic Journals Full-text Database (CJFD)

China Academic Journals Full-text Database is the world's **largest, continually and dynamically updated** full-text database of Chinese academic journals. It is the most authoritative academic literature search tool and the most **comprehensive** online publishing platform for Chinese academic journals.

## Content Coverage & Resources Advantage

• **Comprehensive:** CJFD has collected over **8,570** academic titles, covering **99%** of academic journals published in mainland China; over 1,970 titles of core journals, covering **99.6%** of core journals in mainland China.

• **Extensive:** All contents are categorized by ten series, covering natural science, engineering & technology, agriculture, philosophy, medicine, humanities and social science, etc.

• **Consistent:** All journals collected are timely and continuously updated, with quite a part dating back to the first issue.

| Type                                      | Series                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Science, Technology &amp; Medicine</b> | A: Mathematics/Physics/Mechanics/Astronomy<br>B: Chemistry/Metallurgy/Environment Engineering<br>C: Architecture/Energy/Traffic/Electromechanics<br>D: Agriculture<br>E: Medicine & Public Health<br>I: Electronic Technology & Information Science |
| <b>Humanities &amp; Social Sciences</b>   | F: Literature/History/Philosophy<br>G: Politics/ Military Affairs/ Law<br>H: Education & Social Science<br>J: Economics & Management                                                                                                                |

## Publishing Features

• **Online-First Publishing:** Individual articles of online-first academic journals enjoys priority of quick digital publishing on CNKI platform, which represents **3 months on average in advance** compared with paper publication.

• **Enhanced Publishing:** Enhanced publishing includes root literature and additional contents, which forms a digital publication with intrinsic connection and composites digital works after organization and encapsulation. It is the publication of the whole academic achievements. Additional contents, also known as enhanced materials, including texts, data, tables, images, videos, audios, manuscripts, etc., are usually presented only through their digital form online.

Directory Structure

- 一、问题提出
- 二、理论分析
- 三、研究设计
- 四、主要实证结果
- 五、影响机制检验
- 六、结论

Tables

- 表1 主要变量描述性统计
- 表2 两类不确定性对企业经营活力的影响 (Tobit边际效应)
- 表3 地方政策不确定性的异质性影响 (Tobit边际效应)
- 表4 贸易环境不确定性的异质性影响 (Tobit边际效应)
- 表5 地方政策不确定性影响民营企业经营活力的机制

References

以系数 $\beta_1$ 显著为负为前提; 进一步地, 估计方程 (4)、(5), 若系数 $\gamma_1$ 显著为正而系数 $\kappa_2$ 显著为负, 则表明地方政策不确定性Lpu通过中介因素影响民营企业活力, 在此基础上, 若 $\kappa_1$ 不显著 (显著), 则表明中介因素发挥了全部 (部分) 中介效应。如果系数 $\gamma_1$ 和 $\kappa_2$ 仅有一个显著, 则需要对交叉项 $\gamma_1 \times \kappa_2$ 显著性进行Sobel检验, 如果通过显著性检验, 则说明变量Medvar所代表的因素确实发挥了中介效应。

表4 贸易环境不确定性的异质性影响 (Tobit边际)

|      | (1)                  | (2)                     | (3)                   | (4)                     | (5)                  | (6)                     |
|------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 贸易环境 | -0.0226<br>(-0.5481) | -0.0091***<br>(-2.8919) | -0.0140*<br>(-1.9300) | -0.0250***<br>(-2.6367) | -0.0115<br>(-1.3642) | -0.0011***<br>(-2.8557) |
| 控制变量 | 1.3894<br>(0.4252)   | 2.4172<br>(0.9843)      | 5.1994<br>(1.5318)    | 3.4031<br>(1.3954)      | 0.7173<br>(0.1390)   | 3.3447<br>(1.4465)      |
| 常数项  | 341<br>0.0166        | 2011<br>0.0160          | 1112<br>0.0206        | 1069<br>0.0224          | 545<br>0.0164        | 1807<br>0.0182          |

注: 由于标识国际化背景的变量intem与标识出口状况的变量Export高度相关, 故表第 (1)、(2) 列回归没有将变量Export作为控制变量。

本文将利用企业非生产性支出刻画其非生产性活动。实际上, 非生产性支出构成较为复杂, 包含企业除正常生产经营所面临的交易成本之外的所有非生产性成本 (万华林和陈信元, 2010)。借鉴已有文献并结合数据可得性 (魏下海等, 2015), 本文分别使用企业支付的摊派费用Expendtp和公关招待费Expendpg刻画民营企业非生产性支出, 并使用营业收入进行标准化处理。同时, 本文还使用企业纳税额和交纳税费之和 (使用营业收入标准化) 衡量企业税费支出Taxfee。

Enhanced Materials

- 10、附9-地方政策不确定性的构建及其合理性讨论.docx
- 11、附7-变换地方政策不确定性测度指标的回归结果.docx
- 12、附8-变量内生性偏误讨论.docx
- 13、附9-考察营商环境对民营企业经营活力的直接影响.docx
- 2、附10-地方政策不确定性与城市营商环境的交互作用.docx
- 3、附11-两类营商环境不确定性的交互影响.docx
- 4、附12-控制经营效率对民营企业经营活力的影响.docx
- 5、附13-地方政策不确定性对不同规模企业非生产性支出的影响.docx
- 6、附10-地区市场化进程得分衡量营商环境的合理性讨论.docx
- 7、附3-主要变量相关性分析.docx
- 8、附4-主要变量Pearson相关系数表.docx
- 9、附5-正文表3其他控制变量估计系数及其经济解释.docx

- ☐ 4 A new experimental method for exploring the property of human vision on motion cognition [Online First](#)  
[Chinese Full Text](#) [English Full Text \(MT\)](#)

**Search Results Page** provides multi-dimensional navigation and search & ranking functions, and supports multi-dimensional visual analysis of search results, helping to better understand the distribution, relevance and development trend of search terms and other information.

